

Agrium Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA Classification	DOT / TDG Pictograms	WHMIS Classification	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
Health Teammability Note: The properties of the	OKIDIZER		

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification				
PRODUCT NAME/ TRADE NAME		ranular Fertilizer Grade	34-0-0	
SYNONYM	34-0-0 Ammonium Nitrate F	ertilizer	MSDS NUMBER:	14072
CHEMICAL NAME	Ammonium nitrate.		REVISION NUMBER	4.5
CHEMICAL FAMILY	Nitrate salt. (Oxidizing agent)		and Safety Departmer	e Environment, Health at on: 5, 2001
CHEMICAL FORMULA	A NH ₄ NO ₃		24 HR EMERGE	NCY TELEPHONE
MATERIAL USES	Agricultural industry: Fertilizer. Industrial applications: Manufacture of chemicals. Manufacture of specialty fertilizers.		Transportation	<u>1BER:</u> : 1-800-792-8311 888-670-8123
MANUFACTURER		SUPPLIER		
Agrium U.S. Inc. Suite 1700, 4582 South Ulster St. Denver, Colorado, U.S.A., 80237		Agrium North American Wholesale 13131 Lake Fraser Drive, S Calgary, Alberta, Canada, Agrium U.S. Inc. Suite 1700, 4582 South Uls Denver, Colorado, U.S.A.,	S.E. T2J 7E8 ster St.	

Section II. Hazardous Ingredients									
				Ex	cposure L	imits (AC	GIH)		
NAME		CAS#	TLV- TWA mg/m³	TLV- TWA ppm	STEL mg/m³	STEL ppm	CEIL mg/m³	CEIL ppm	% by Weight
Ammonium nitrate		6484-52-2	10						99.8
TOXICOLOGICAL DATA ON INGREDIENTS	Non-Hur Rat oral Tech Inf Rat oral I i Sanitari HYSAAV Moscow, TFI Produ 50, rat, OECD SII Not terato Ecotoxicit LD50 As Reviewe OECD SI	Im Nitrate: man Toxicity Value LD50: 4500 mg/kg o for Problem Spil _D50: 2217 mg/kg ya. For English tra . (V/O Mezhdunar USSR) V.1- 1936 uct Testing Results DS (Screening Info ogenic to rats at 57 y Values: spergillus niger (fund) [Environment CDS: 48 hr LC50, 1. L, Rainbow Trout;	g. [Peer Rels: Ammon g (Rat) [G nslation, selected with selected s	ium Nitra igiena ee iiga, 1130 5,1987)] iuideline 4 eata Set): ng/l/40 hr ch Info] g un-ioniz	te (Draft) p 95 402, Octob acute oral (36 deg C	o.59 (198 ² oer 2000: LD ₅₀ , 147). [Peer Rainbow	79 - 1772 r Trout; 48	mg/kg, rat $^{\circ}$	

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Section III. Hazards Iden	Section III. Hazards Identification.		
POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS	May interfere with the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood if ingested in large quantities or over a prolonged period of time. Persons with anemia, bowel diseases, or infants, are more likely to develop effects. Over-exposure by ingestion is unlikely under normal working conditions. Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. This product may irritate eyes and skin upon contact but is unlikely to injure tissue.		
	Symptoms of overexposure may include: Cardiovascular: methemoglobinemia, low blood pressure (hypotension), irregular heart beat (arrhythmia), shock (vasodilation) CNS: headache, dizziness, generalized tingling sensation (parasthesia) Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain Eye: redness and inflammation (conjunctivitis) Skin: bluish discoloration (cyanosis) with profuse sweating following ingestion or irritation and flushed skin following contact with moist skin surfaces.		
POTENTIAL CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: NONE by ACGIH, EPA, IARC, NTP, OSHA. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: NONE by ACGIH, EPA, IARC, NTP, OSHA. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: NONE by ACGIH, EPA, IARC, NTP, OSHA.		
	Repeated or prolonged overexposure by ingestion can reduce the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood producing anoxia in infants or individuals with preexisting bowel or blood diseases. Ensure that nitrate containing fertilizers are not applied near wells where contamination may occur. Consult your agronomist regarding the advisability and precautions for use of nitrate fertilizers on fruit or vegetable crops.		

Section IV. First Aid Measures		
EYE CONTACT	Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.	
MINOR SKIN CONTACT	May cause skin irritation. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Cover dry or irritated skin with a good quality skin lotion. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.	
EXTENSIVE SKIN CONTACT	No additional information.	
MINOR INHALATION	Inhalation of dust may produce irritation, burning, sneezing and coughing. Long term exposure may cause headache, nausea or weakness. Loosen tight clothing. Allow affected persons to rest in a well ventilated area. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.	
SEVERE INHALATION	In emergency situations use proper respiratory protection to evacuate affected individuals to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing around the person's neck and waist. Oxygen may be administered if breathing is difficult. If the person is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Obtain immediate medical attention.	
SLIGHT INGESTION	Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Induce vomiting. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. NEVER give an unconscious person anything to drink. Obtain medical attention.	
EXTENSIVE INGESTION	No additional information.	

Section V. Fire and E	Section V. Fire and Explosion Data		
THE PRODUCT IS	Non-flammable.		
AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE	Not applicable.		
FLASH POINT	Not applicable.		
FLAMMABILITY LIMITS	Not applicable.		
PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION	Material will not burn, but thermal decomposition may result in flammable/toxic gases being formed. These products are nitrogen oxides and ammonia (NO, NO2, NH3).		

Ammonium Nitrate, Gr	anular Fertilizer Grade 34-0-0	Page Number: 3
FIRE HAZARD IN THE PRESENCE OF VARIOUS SUBSTANCES	Not applicable.	
EXPLOSION HAZARD IN THE PRESENCE OF VARIOUS SUBSTANCES	Oxidizer: Material is an oxidizer which may react readily w heating. Studies conducted by the Canadian Center fo Explosives Research Laboratory indicate that Agrium Amn Fertilizer Institute Detonation Resistance and Burn Test f "fertilizer".	r Mineral and Energy Technology nonium Nitrate Fertilizer meets The
	In confinement and in the presence of a strong detonation when subject to sudden shock, pressure, or high tempera 210 °C (410 °F) which may cause thermal decomposition or poorly ventilated spaces.	ature. Avoid temperatures above
	Incompatible with sulfur, chlorides, reducing agents, or of finely powdered metals (cadmium, copper, lead, cobmagnesium, zinc, sodium, potassium and aluminum).	
FIRE FIGHTING MEDIA AND INSTRUCTIONS	Oxidizing material. Cool containing vessels, bins or but prevent pressure build-up, or explosion. Establish unma quantities of water. Withdraw to a safe location. Evacuate burn. Undergoes thermal decomposition at elevated to combustible gases (ammonia, carbon dioxide, and oxides present, fire fighters should wear self contained breathing a	anned monitors and apply flooding surrounding area. Material will not emperatures to release toxic and of nitrogen). If fumes or gases are
SPECIAL REMARKS ON FIRE HAZARDS	Material supports combustion. Powerful oxidizing agent, oxygen even if smothered. Avoid temperatures above 21 ventilated spaces. Explosive when exposed to heat or pressure build-up. Thermal decomposition or explosion flood with water to stop decomposition reaction. Contain Prevent fire water from reaching water courses or aquifers.	10°C (410°F) in confined or poorly flame under confinement. Avoid may result. Ventilate to cool and and collect all runoff for treatment.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON EXPLOSION HAZARDS	Industry studies have proposed the following rules for phosphate and potassium containing fertilizers:	blends of ammonium nitrate with
	a) Ammonium nitrate fertilizers are reported not to detonate least 70% ammonium nitrate, unless ammonium sulfate ammonium nitrate - ammonium sulfate fertilizers may ammonium nitrate present. b) It has been reported that it is desirable to keep the ammonitizer blends in order to minimize toxic gas release during c) "Cigar burn" is considered to be a hazard primarily when a blend is between 20-40%. Cigar burn is a rare phenome of a separate combustable material such as sulfur which conearby ammonium nitrate.	e is present in the blend. Blended by detonate with as little as 45% nonium to nitrate ratio above 1.5 in g "cigar burn" fires. In the ammonium nitrate content of non which requires the combustion

Section VI. Accide	Section VI. Accidental Release Measures		
SMALL SPILL	Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient container for reuse or disposal.		
LARGE SPILL	In the event of a spill, prevent additional discharge of material, if possible to do so without hazard. Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses, wells, etc. Product will promote algae growth which may degrade water quality and taste. Notify downstream water users. Nitrate in potable drinking water should be maintained below 10 mg/L. Will dissolve and disperse in water. Put the material into suitable container for reuse or disposal.		

Section VII. Handli	Section VII. Handling and Storage		
PRECAUTIONS	Keep away from heat, combustible materials, and reducing agents. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not ingest or breathe dust. Take precautions against electrostatic discharges. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feed.		
STORAGE	Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated area. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeds. Keep away from combustible materials. Keep away from incompatible materials. Do not blend or store in contact with urea. Dry urea and dry ammonium nitrate will react together to produce a slurry.		

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Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection			
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.		
PERSONAL PROTECTION	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of u Wear appropriate respiratory protection for dust/mist when ventilation is inadequate. A filter facepiece dust mask is recommended for most applications if respiratory protection needed. Where skin and eye contact may occur as a result of brief periodic exposures, we long sleeved clothing, coveralls, chemical resistant gloves, and safety glasses with s shields.		
PERSONAL PROTECTION IN CASE OF LARGE RELEASE	No additional information.		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	ACGIH TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m³ as particulate not otherwise classified. U.S. OSHA PEL: 15mg/m³ as particulate not otherwise classified.		
	Permissible exposures may vary from juresdiction to juresdiction. Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits in your area.		

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties			
PHYSICAL STATE AND APPEARANCE	Solid granules.		
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	Not applicable.	COLOR	White.
pH (10% SOLN/WATER)	4.5 - 6.0	ODOR	Odorless.
BOILING POINT	Decomposes.	ODOR THRESHOLD	Not applicable.
MELTING POINT	170°C (338°F)	TASTE	Disagreeable. Acrid. (Strong.)
CRITICAL TEMPERATURE	Not applicable.	VOLATILITY	Not applicable.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY g/cc	0.93 (Water = 1)	SOLUBILITY	Easily soluble in cold water, hot water.
BULK DENSITY kg/m³ ; lbs/ft³	Loose: 875 kg/m³; 54.6 lbs/ft³; Tapped: 914 kg/m³; 57.1 lbs/ft 3;	DISPERSION PROPERTIES	See solubility in water, methanol, acetone.
VAPOR PRESSURE	0 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)	WATER/OIL DIST. COEFF.	Not available.
VAPOR DENSITY	Not applicable.		

Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data	
STABILITY	The product is stable.
INSTABILITY TEMPERATURE	Not available.
CONDITIONS OF INSTABILITY	No additional remark.
INCOMPATABILITY WITH VARIOUS SUBSTANCES	Reactive with combustible materials. Slightly reactive to reactive with reducing agents, organic materials, metals, moisture. Very slightly to slightly reactive with alkalis. Non-reactive with acids.
CORROSIVITY	Slightly corrosive to aluminum, zinc, and copper. Non-corrosive to steel and stainless steel (304 or 316).
SPECIAL REMARKS ON REACTIVITY	Absorbs moisture from the air. Incompatible with magnesium, zinc, sodium, potassium, and other finely powdered metals. May explode by detonation, heat or shock.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON CORROSIVITY	Avoid contact with moisture. Slow hydrolysis may produce acids corrosive to metals. Contact your sales representative or a metallurgical specialist to ensure compatability with system equipment.

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Section XI. Toxicologic	al Information
SIGNIFICANT ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	Ingestion. Inhalation.
TOXICITY TO ANIMALS	See Section II.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON TOXICITY TO ANIMALS	Toxic to livestock, wildlife, and domestic animals if directly ingested. Ensure that all spillage is cleaned up and that top dressing on pasture lands is applied uniformly. Allow 2 - 4 days to pass after application before returning livestock to pasture. The product itself and its products of degradation are not harmful under normal conditions of careful and responsible use.
OTHER EFFECTS ON HUMANS	Recent studies undertaken by the U.S. Government using Canadian and American databases have determined that ammonium nitrate fertilizer does not demonstrate any risk of gastrointestinal cancer.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS	Exposure can cause headache, stomach pains, vomiting and diarrhea. Produces methemoglobin which reduces oxygen supply in the circulating blood. Although predominantly affecting infants, nitrate induced methemoglobinemia has also been documented in adults.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON OTHER EFFECTS ON HUMANS	ACGIH TLV is based on "Particulates Not Otherwise Classified".

Section XII. Ecological Information	
ECOTOXICITY	Non-persistent. Non-cumulative when applied using normal agricultural practises. Low toxicity for humans or animals under normal conditions of use. May be harmful to livestock and wildlife if ingested. Clean up all spilled material, especially where bulk fertilizer loading of equipment occurs to prevent animal exposure.
	Aquatic/Marine Toxicity: Will release ammonium ions. Ammonia is a toxic hazard to fish. Avoid spills or release to watercourses. Will disperse with current. Release to watercourses may cause effects down stream from the point of release. U.S. D.O.T.: This material NOT listed as a Marine pollutant.
BOD and COD	Not available.
PRODUCTS OF DEGRADATION	Not applicable.
TOXICITY OF THE PRODUCTS OF DEGRADATION	The product itself and its products of degradation are not harmful under normal conditions of use. Avoid spills or releases to watercourses.
SPECIAL REMARKS ON THE PRODUCTS OF DEGRADATION	Product will promote algae growth which may degrade water quality and taste. Notify downstream water users. Nitrate in potable drinking water should be maintained below 10mg/L. Will dissolve and disperse in water.

Section XIII. Disposal	Considerations
WASTE DISPOSAL OR RECYCLING	Recycle to process, if possible. Recover and place material in a suitable container for intended use or disposal. Ensure disposal complies with government requirements and local regulations.

Section XIV. Transport I	nformation
DOT / TDG CLASSIFICATION	DOT/TDG CLASS 5.1: Oxidizing substance.
PIN	Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate PIN: UN1942 PG: III
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR TRANSPORT	

Ammonium Nitrate, Granular Fertilizer Grade 34-0-0

Exemption under 49 CFR Part §173.5 for Agricultural operations:

(a) The transportation of an agricultural product other than a Class 2 material, over local roads between fields of the same farm, is excepted from the requirements of this subchapter when:

(a)(1) It is transported by a farmer who is an intrastate private motor carrier; and

(a)(2) The movement of the agricultural product conforms to requirements of the State in which it is transported and is specifically authorized by a State statute or regulation in effect before October 1, 1998.

(b) The transportation of an agricultural product to or from a farm, within 150 miles of the farm, is excepted from the requirements in subparts G and H of part 172 of this subchapter and from the specific packaging requirements of this subchapter when:

(b)(1) It is transported by a farmer who is an intrastate private motor carrier;

(b)(2) The total amount of agricultural product being transported on a single vehicle does not exceed:

(b)(2)(i) 7,300 kg (16,094 lbs.) of ammonium nitrate fertilizer properly classed as Division 5.1, PG III, in a bulk packaging, or

(b)(2)(ii) 1900 L (502 gallons) for liquids or gases, or 2,300 kg (5,070 lbs.) for solids, of any other agricultural product;

(b)(3) The movement and packaging of the agricultural product conform to the requirements of the State in which it is transported and are specifically authorized by a State statute or regulation in effect before October 1, 1998; and

(b)(4) Each person having any responsibility for transporting the agricultural product or preparing the agricultural product for shipment has been instructed in the applicable requirements of this subchapter.

Where an agricultural product is defined under 49FR §171.8 as:

Agricultural product means a hazardous material, other than a hazardous waste, whose end use directly supports the production of an agricultural commodity including, but not limited to a fertilizer, pesticide, soil amendment or fuel. An agricultural product is limited to a material in Class 3, 8 or 9, Division 2.1, 2.2, 5.1, or 6.1, or an ORM–D material.

Exempt under Canadian TDGR Sec 2.32.4 2(a)(b)(c)and (d):

Retail deliveries of less than 13.6 tonnes of ammonium nitrate fertilizers (PIN #s: 1942, 2067, 2069, 2070, or 2072) are exempt from Sections IV, V, and 9.2 to 9.7 of the TDGR if carrying a record sheet identifying the Proper Shipping Name, PIN #, and quantity of fertilizer transported.

DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)



Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

OTHER REGULATIONS

U.S. Allowable Tolerances (FIFRA Requirements):

- 1. Ammonium nitrate is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a desiccant or defoliant in the production of cottonseed, grain sorghum, peppers, potatoes, sweet potatoes. 40 CFR 180.1018 (7/1/91)
- 2. Ammonium nitrate is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as an adjuvant/intensifier for herbicides in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops only. 40 CFR 180.1001(d) (7/1/91)

FDA Requirements:

1. Bottled water shall, when a composite of analytical units of equal volume from a sample is examined by the methods described in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section, meet the standards of chemical quality and shall not contain nitrate, as nitrogen, in excess of 10.0 mg/l. /Nitrate, as nitrogen. 21 CFR 103.35 (4/1/91)

TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory: XU

California - Air Bill 2588 (Air Toxics Hot Spots) Appendix A-I: 6/91; ADOA 100.0 lbs/yr California - Toxic Air Contaminant List Category III (AB 1807, AB 2728)

Massachusetts RTK List - Present

NJ Department of Health RTK List: sn 0106

NJ Special Hazardous Substances: (reactive - third degree)

Pennsylvania RTK List: environmental hazard Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List - Present

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CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA): This product or its ingredients is on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), and acceptable for use under the provisions of CEPA.

Canada - Domestic Substances List - Present

Canada - WHMIS Classification of Substances: C: D2B

EINECS Inventory: 229-347-8

Japan - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory: 1-395

Korea - Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Inventory: KE-01715

Dangerous and Toxic Materials List: Dangerous material - Oxidizer

Taiwan -

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CERCLA/SUPERFUND, 40 CFR 117, 302: This product contains no Reportable Quantity (RQ) Substances.

SARA HAZARD CATEGORY: This product has been revised according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following category(ies):

Immediate Health, Fire, Reactive

The following product is listed in SARA Section 313 (40 CFR Part 372):

Ammonium nitrate, CAS # 6484-52-2 (if in solution).

This product is not considered as a priority pollutant as regulated under the Clean Water Act. OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

OTHER CLASSIFICATIONS

HCS (U.S.A.)	HCS CLASS: Oxidizer.
DSCL (EEC)	R2- Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire. R9- Explosive when mixed with combustible material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Hazards presented under acute emergency conditions only:

Health



Fire Hazard Reactivity

Specific Hazard

TDG (Pictograms -Canada)



DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)



ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)



Section XVI. Other Information

REFERENCES

- -Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (1992) and Regulations.
- -Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List".
- -Domestic Substances List, Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
- -29 CFR Part 1910
- -40 CFR Parts 1-799
- -49 CFR Parts 1-199
- -American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances, 2000.
- -Corrosion Data Survey, Sixth Edition, 1985, National Association of Corrosion Engineers.

Ammonium Nitrate, Granular Fertilizer Grade 34-0-0 Page Number: 8 -Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials, (NFPA49, 325M, 491M, and 704), National Fire Protection Association, 10th Ed, 1991.

-TOMES Plus®, Vol 43, Jan 2000, Micromedex Inc.

- The Fertilizer Institute Product Testing Plan Results, March 2001

OTHER SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS Not applicable.

FOR FURTHER SAFETY, HEALTH, OR **ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION ON**

AGRIUM Environment, Health and Safety Department Telephone (780) 998-6134 or Fax (780) 998-6143

NOTICE TO READER

THIS PRODUCT, CONTACT

The buyer assumes all risk in connection with the use of this material. The buyer assumes all responsibility for ensuring this material is used in a safe manner in compliance with applicable environmental, health and safety laws, policies and guidelines. Agrium Inc. assumes no responsibility or liability for the information supplied on this sheet, including any damages or injury caused thereby. Agrium Inc. does not warrant the fitness of this material for any particular use and assumes no responsibility for injury or damage caused directly or indirectly by or related to the use of the material. The information contained in this sheet is developed from what Agrium Inc. believes to be accurate and reliable sources, and is based on the opinions and facts available on the date of preparation.